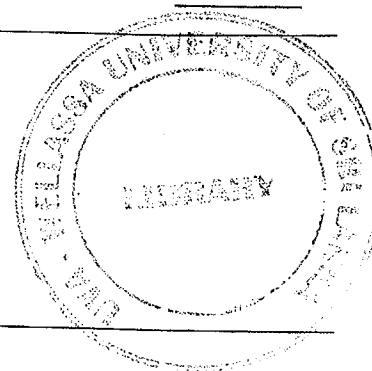




Instructions to candidates

Duration: Two(02) hours

Number of questions: Four(04) Essay Questions

Mark allocation: 150 mark

Use standard symbols without definition.

Scientific calculators are allowed.

Answer all questions

1.

a. Use the definition of Laplace transform to prove $L\{e^{at}\} = \frac{1}{s-a}$. (10 mark)

b. Determine the Laplace transforms of the following functions.

i. $3e^{2t} - 5e^{-4t}$ (03 mark)

ii. $\sin 4t + \cos 5t$ (03 mark)

iii. $t^3 + 2t^2 - 6t + 7$ (03 mark)

iv. $4e^{2t} + 3 \sinh 4t$ (03 mark)

c. State the **first shift theorem** and hence find $L\{e^{-3t} \sin 7t\}$. (05 mark)

d. Determine the Laplace transform of $\frac{\sin at}{t}$. (06 mark)

e. Find the inverse transform of following functions.

i. $\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}$ (02 mark)

ii. $\frac{12s}{s^2 + 4}$ (02 mark)

iii. $\frac{3s + 4}{s^2 + 9}$ (03 mark)

f. Express $F(s) = \frac{5s^2 - 4s - 7}{(s-3)(s^2 + 4)}$ as partial fractions and hence determine its inverse transform. (10 mark)

2.

- a. Sketch the graph of the following function and find its Laplace transform. (08 mark)

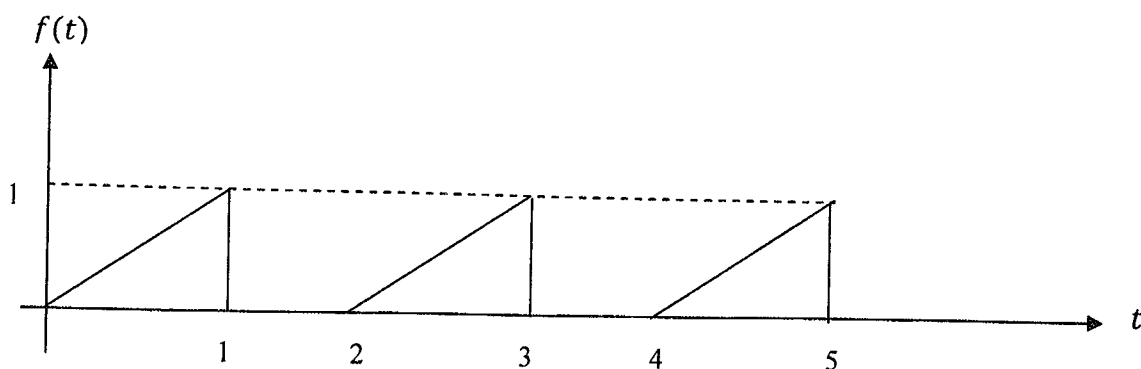
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 4t & \text{if } 0 < t < 2 \\ 8 & \text{if } t > 2 \end{cases}$$

- b. Determine the function $f(t)$ whose transform $L(f(t)) = F(s)$ is

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s} \{2 - 5e^{-s} + 8e^{-3s}\}.$$

Then sketch the graph of function $f(t)$ between $t = 0$ and $t = 4$. (12 mark)

- c. Find the Laplace transform of the following periodic function. (12 mark)



- d. Determine $f(t) = L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{3(1 - e^{-s})}{s(1 - e^{-3s})} \right\}$ and hence sketch the resulting waveform of $f(t)$.

(08 mark)

- a. Solve the following ordinary differential equations by using Laplace transform.

i. $\frac{dx}{dt} + 3x = e^{-2t}$ at $t = 0, x = 2$

(08 mark)

ii. $3\ddot{x} - 4\dot{x} = \sin 2t$ at $t = 0, x = \frac{1}{3}$

(08 mark)

iii. $\ddot{x} - 6\dot{x} + 8x = e^{3t}$ at $t = 0, x = 0, \dot{x} = 2$

(12 mark)

- b. Solve the following pair of simultaneous equations by using Laplace transform, where x and y are functions of t and given that at $t = 0$, $x = 0$ and $y = 0$. (12 mark)

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{y} - x &= e^t \\ \dot{x} + y &= e^{-t} \end{aligned}$$

4. Determine the Fourier series representation for the following periodic function defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -2 & \text{if } -\pi < t < 0 \\ 2 & \text{if } 0 < t < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$f(x + 2\pi) = f(x).$$

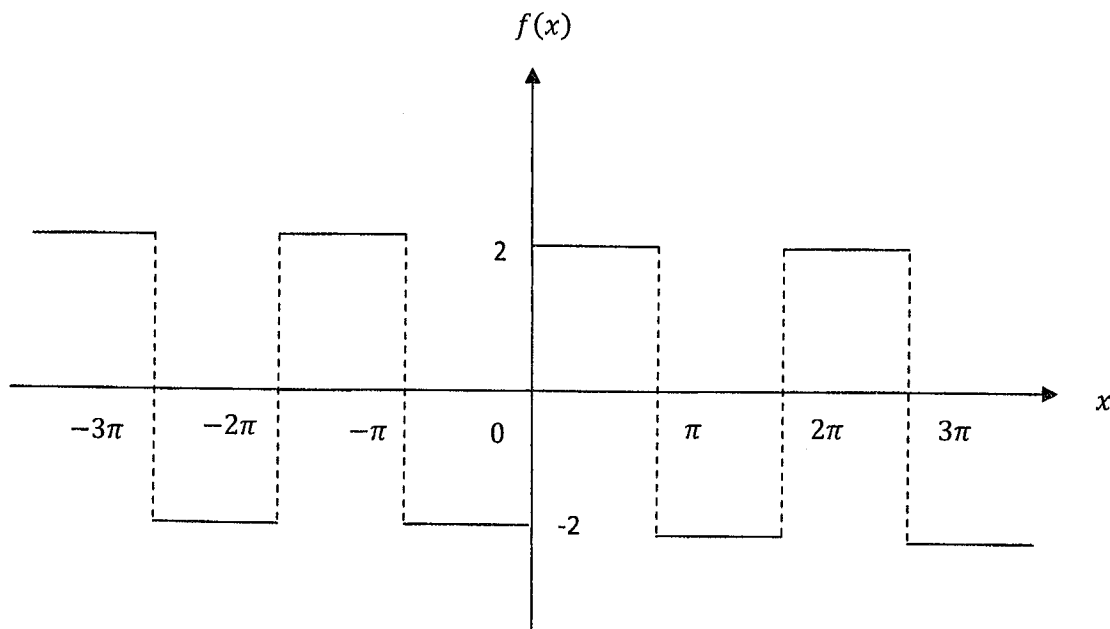


Figure 4.1: The graph of $f(x)$

(20 mark)

