



MRT 111-1 Crystallography

Time: One (01) hour

Total four (04) questions
Answer all questions

- 01) i. Describe the following characteristics of crystal structures giving at least one example from each category.
- a. Two-dimensional lattices (05 marks)
 - b. Primitive and non-primitive unit cells (05 marks)
 - c. Types of symmetries of structural motifs (05 marks)
- ii. How does the combination of various motif symmetries and different 2-D lattices generate symmetry in crystals? Explain briefly. (10 marks)
- 02) i. List two assumptions of atomic hard sphere model of crystal structures. Distinguish the major difference between the hard sphere and the reduced sphere models. (05 marks)
- ii. With clear illustrations explain how the ABABAB.... sequence of hexagonal closest packing structure is generated. Indicate the hexagonal unit cell using atomic hard sphere model. (15 marks)
- iii. Draw the face centered cubic (FCC) close packing unit cell using atomic hard sphere model. Derive an expression for its unit cell edge length a in terms of atomic radius R . - (05 marks)
- 03) i. Explain the relationship between the radii of coordinating anions and the coordinated cation of six-fold coordination in a crystal structure. Draw the corresponding coordination polyhedron. (05 marks)
- ii. Describe the symmetry content of $2/m\ 2/m\ 2/m$ (rhombohedral) crystal class of orthorhombic crystal system. List the crystal forms of this class with their Miller Indices. (10 marks)

iii. Describe the six crystal systems with their characteristic/essential symmetries. (10 marks)

04) Write short notes on the following topics.

- a. Derivation of Miller Index of a crystal face (05 marks)
- b. Open and closed crystal forms (Give an example for each category) (05 marks)
- c. Symmetry elements vs. operations (05 marks)
- d. Amorphous vs. crystalline materials (05 marks)
- e. Crystal twinning vs. intergrowths (05 marks)